

DC Film Capacitors MKT Radial Potted Type



FEATURES

- AEC-Q200 qualified (rev. D) for PCM ≤ 27.5 mm up to 125 °C (for larger available components on request)
- High temperature capabilities, up to 150 °C
- Capacitance up to 560 μ F
- 4-pin version available under request for pitch ≥ 37.5 mm, under request
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

**AUTOMOTIVE
GRADE**
Available

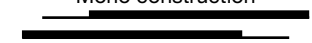
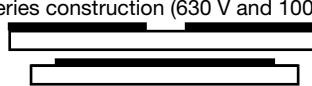


**RoHS
COMPLIANT**
**HALOGEN
FREE**
GREEN
(5-2008)

APPLICATIONS

- Automotive
- DC filtering
- Low voltage DC link

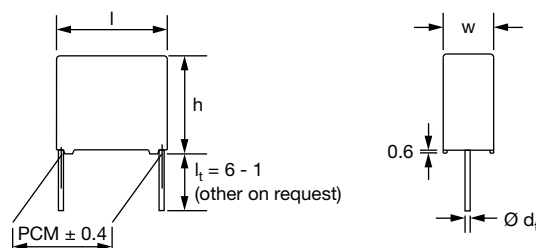
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Capacitance range	1000 pF to 560 μ F
Capacitance tolerance	± 20 %, ± 10 %, ± 5 %
Climatic testing class according to IEC 60068-1	55/125/56
Maximum application temperature	125 °C
Reference standards	IEC 60384-2
Dielectric	Polyester film
Electrodes	Metallized
Construction	Mono construction  Series construction (630 V and 1000 V) 
Encapsulation	Plastic case, epoxy resin sealed, flame retardant UL-class 94 V-0
Leads	Tinned wire
Marking	C-value; tolerance; rated voltage; code for dielectric material; code for manufacturing origin; manufacturer's type designation; manufacturer's logo or name; year and week of manufacture
Rated (DC) voltage	63 V _{DC} , 100 V _{DC} , 160 V _{DC} , 250 V _{DC} , 400 V _{DC} , 630 V _{DC} , 1000 V _{DC}
Rated (AC) voltage	40 V _{AC} , 63 V _{AC} , 160 V _{AC} , 200 V _{AC} , 220 V _{AC}
Maximum operating temperature for limited time	150 °C at 0.3 U _R for maximum 200 h (not applicable for pitch ≥ 37.5 mm)

Note

- For more detailed data and test requirements, contact dc-film@vishay.com

DIMENSIONS in millimeters



EXAMPLE OF ORDERING CODE

TYPE	CAPACITANCE CODE	VOLTAGE CODE	TOLERANCE CODE ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGING CODE
MKT1820	410	06	5	G

MOUNTING
Normal Use

The capacitors are designed for mounting on printed-circuit boards. The capacitors packed in bandoleers are designed for mounting on printed-circuit boards by means of automatic insertion machines.

For detailed tape specifications refer to packaging information www.vishay.com/docs?28139

Specific Method of Mounting to Withstand Vibration and Shock

In order to withstand vibration and shock tests, it must be ensured that the stand-off pips are in good contact with the printed-circuit board.

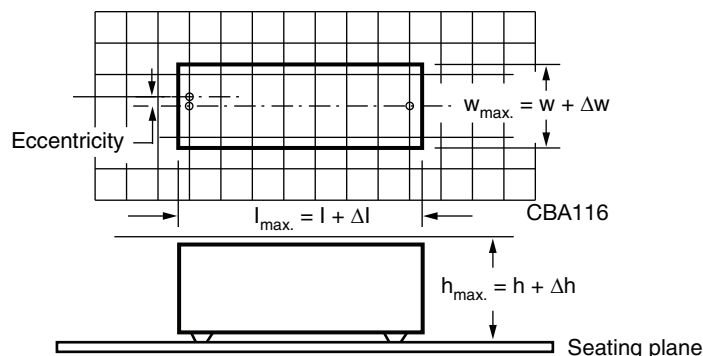
- For pitches ≤ 15 mm the capacitors shall be mechanically fixed by the leads
- For larger pitches the capacitors shall be mounted in the same way and the body clamped

SPACE REQUIREMENTS FOR PRINTED-CIRCUIT BOARD APPLICATIONS AND DIMENSION TOLERANCES

For the maximum product dimensions and maximum space requirements for length ($l_{max.}$), width ($w_{max.}$), and height ($h_{max.}$) following tolerances must be taken in account in the envelopment of the components as shown in the drawings below:

- For products with pitch ≤ 15 mm, $\Delta w = \Delta l = 0.3$ mm, and $\Delta h = 0.1$ mm
- For products with $15 \text{ mm} < \text{pitch} \leq 27.5$ mm, $\Delta w = \Delta l = 0.5$ mm, and $\Delta h = 0.1$ mm
- For products with pitch = 37.5 mm, $\Delta w = \Delta l = 0.7$ mm, and $\Delta h = 0.5$ mm
- For products with pitch = 52.5 mm, $\Delta w = \Delta l = 1.0$ mm, and $\Delta h = 0.5$ mm

Eccentricity defined as in drawing. The maximum eccentricity is smaller than or equal to the lead diameter of the product concerned.



For the minimum product dimensions for length ($l_{min.}$), width ($w_{min.}$), and height ($h_{min.}$) following tolerances of the components are valid:

$l_{min.} = l - \Delta l$, $w_{min.} = w - \Delta w$, and $h_{min.} = h - \Delta h$ following

- For products with pitch ≤ 10 mm, $\Delta l = 0.3$ mm, and $\Delta w = \Delta h = 0.3$ mm
- For products with pitch = 15 mm, $\Delta l = 0.5$ mm, and $\Delta w = \Delta h = 0.5$ mm
- For products with $15 \text{ mm} < \text{pitch} \leq 27.5$ mm, $\Delta l = 1.0$ mm, and $\Delta w = \Delta h = 0.5$ mm
- For products with pitch = 37.5 mm, $\Delta l = 1.0$ mm, and $\Delta w = \Delta h = 1.0$ mm
- For products with pitch = 52.5 mm, $\Delta l = 1.5$ mm, and $\Delta w = \Delta h = 1.0$ mm

SOLDERING CONDITIONS

For general soldering conditions and wave soldering profile, we refer to the application note:

“Soldering Guidelines for Film Capacitors”: www.vishay.com/doc?28171

Storage Temperature

$T_{stg} = -25$ °C to $+35$ °C with RH maximum 75 % without condensation

Ratings and Characteristics Reference Conditions

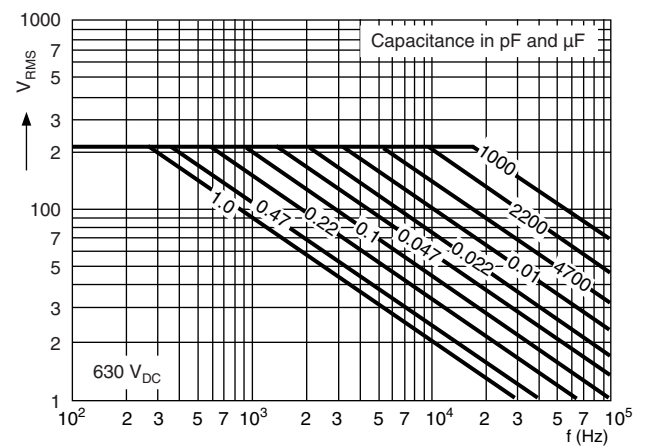
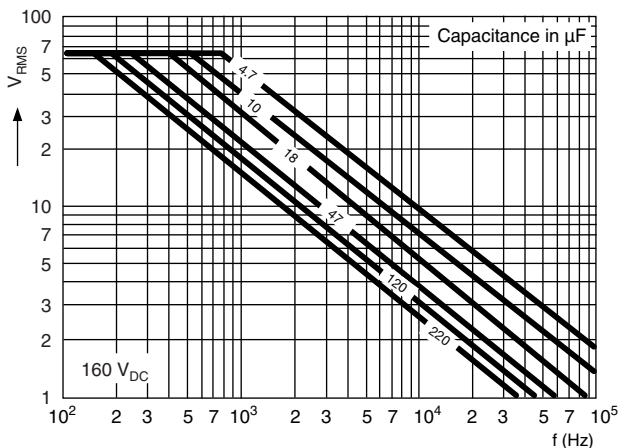
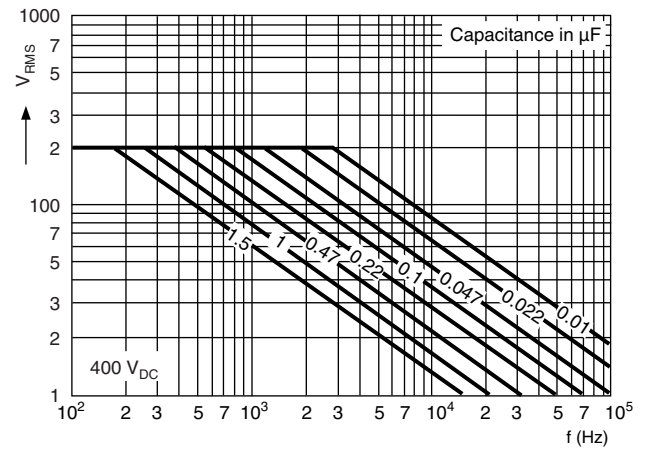
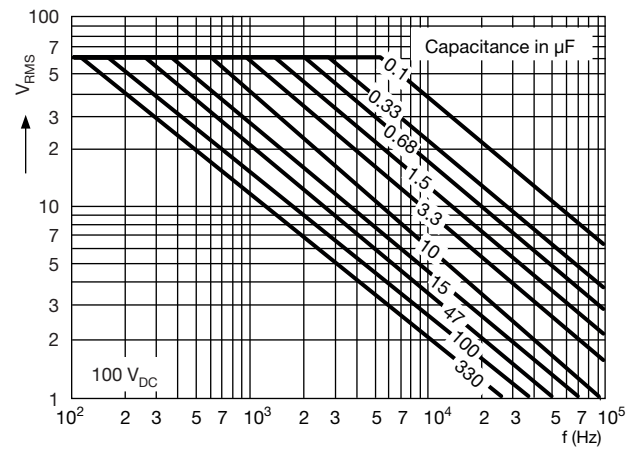
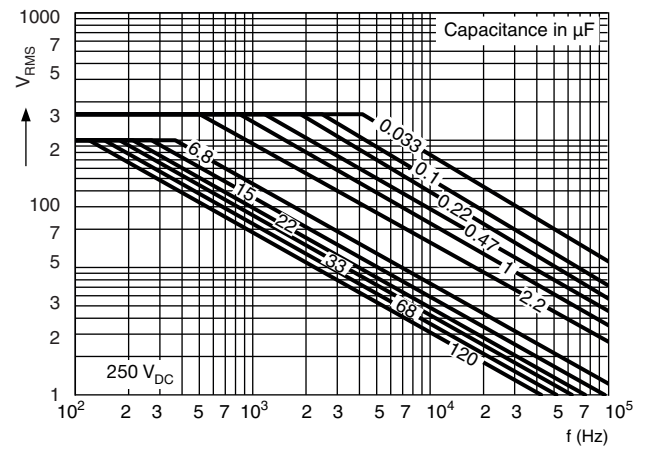
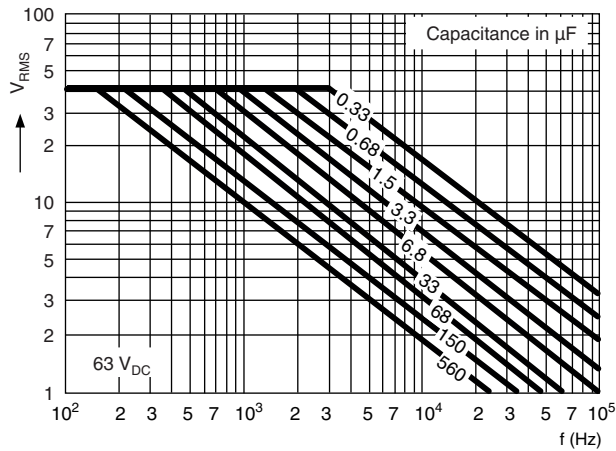
Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values apply to an ambient free temperature of 23 °C ± 1 °C, an atmospheric pressure of 86 kPa to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of $50\% \pm 2\%$.

For reference testing, a conditioning period shall be applied over $96 \text{ h} \pm 4 \text{ h}$ by heating the products in a circulating air oven at the rated temperature and a relative humidity not exceeding 20 %.



CHARACTERISTICS

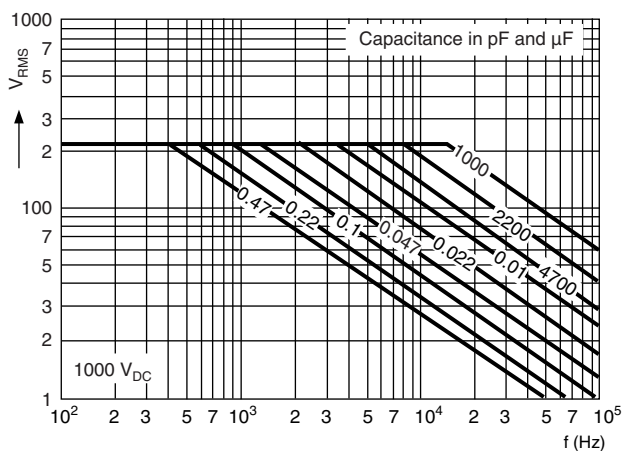
PERMISSIBLE AC VOLTAGE VS. FREQUENCY AT $T_{amb} \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$



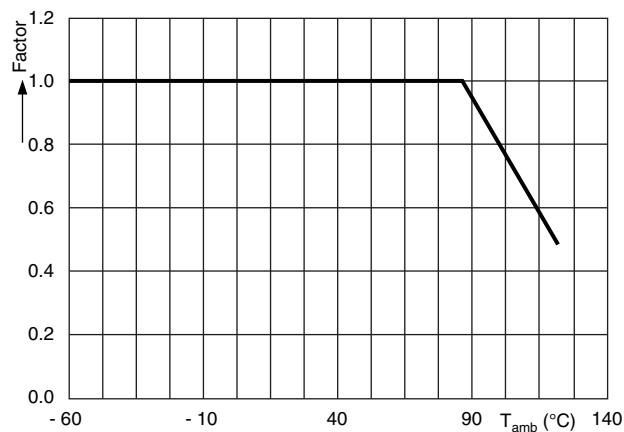


CHARACTERISTICS

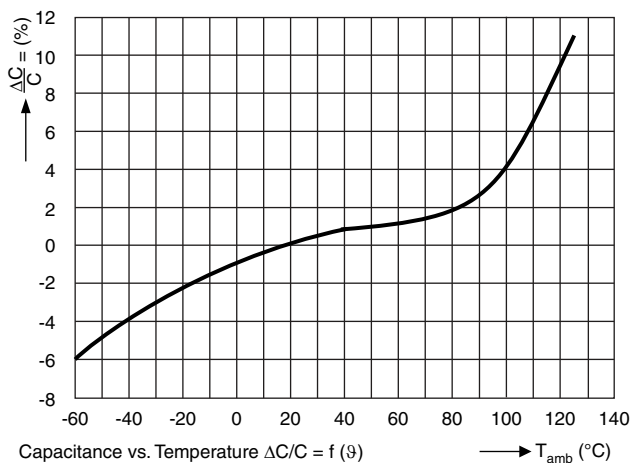
PERMISSIBLE AC VOLTAGE VS. FREQUENCY AT $T_{amb} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$



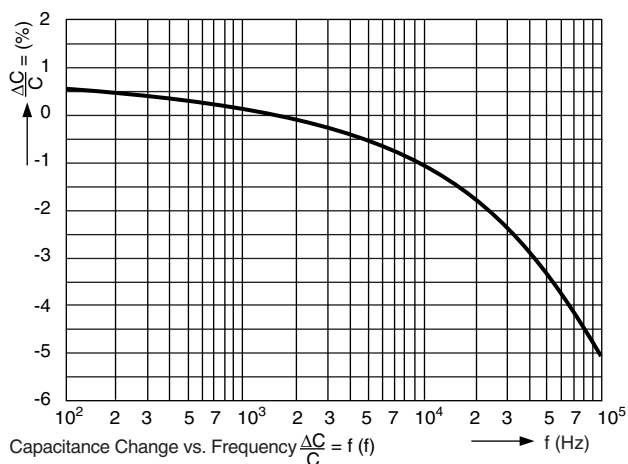
CHARACTERISTICS



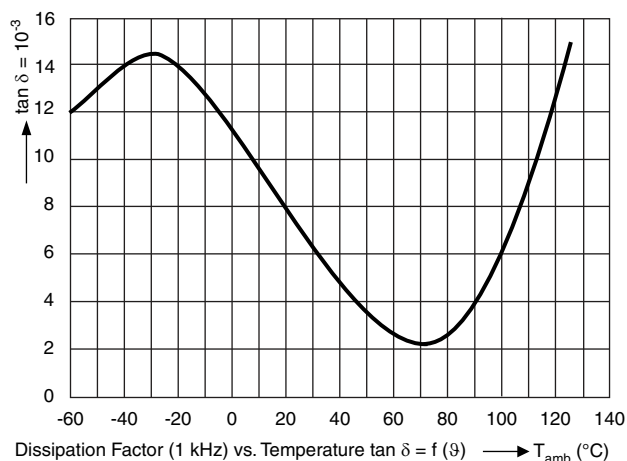
Nominal voltage (AC and DC) as a function of temperature



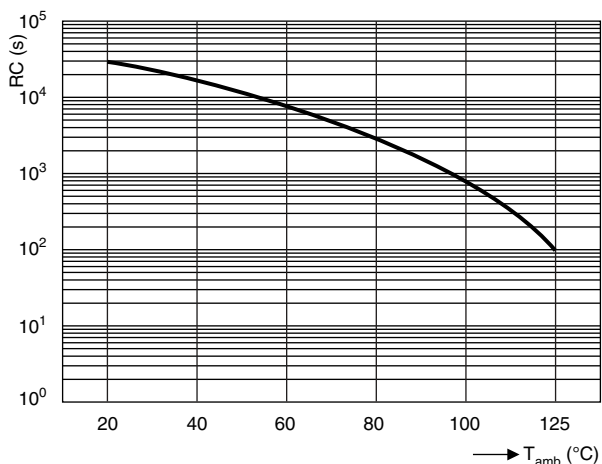
Capacitance as a function of temperature (typical curve)



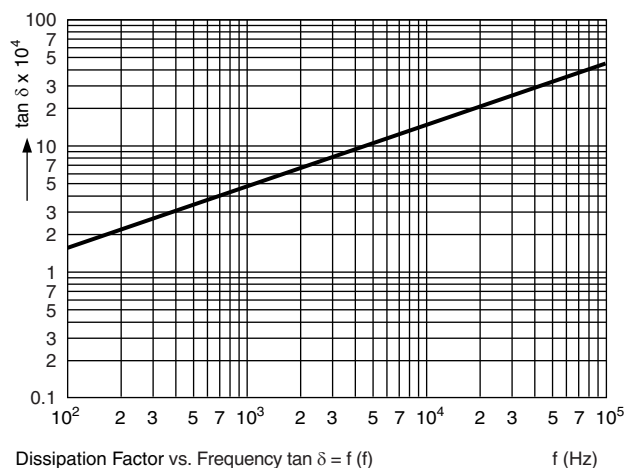
Capacitance as a function of frequency
(typical curve)



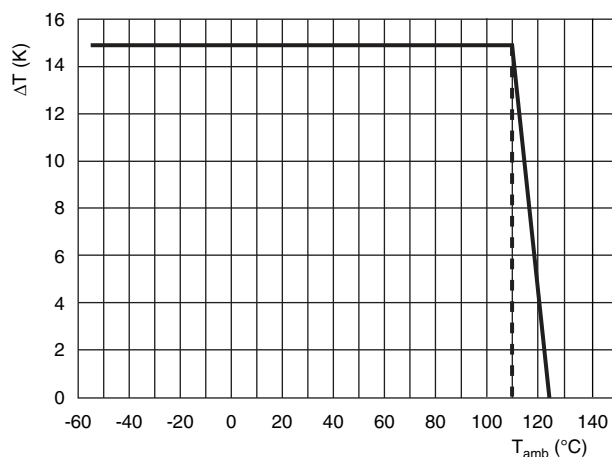
Dissipation factor as a function of temperature
(typical curve)



Insulation resistance as a function of temperature
(typical curve)



Dissipation factor as a function of frequency
(typical curve)



Maximum allowed component temperature rise (ΔT)
as function of ambient temperature (T_{amb})

HEAT CONDUCTIVITY (G) AS A FUNCTION OF CAPACITOR BODY THICKNESS IN mW/°C						
W_{max.} (mm)	HEAT CONDUCTIVITY (mW/°C)					
	PITCH 10.0 mm	PITCH 15.0 mm	PITCH 22.5 mm	PITCH 27.5 mm	PITCH 37.5 mm	PITCH 52.5 mm
3.5	5.0	-	-	-	-	-
4.0	6.0	-	-	-	-	-
4.5	7.0	-	-	-	-	-
5.5	8.0	10.0	-	-	-	-
6.5	10.0	13.0	20.0	-	-	-
7.5	-	15.0	22.0	-	-	-
8.5	-	16.0	24.0	-	-	-
9.0	-	-	-	32.0	-	-
10.5	-	-	30.0	-	-	-
11.0	-	-	-	38.0	-	-
11.5	-	-	-	38.0	-	-
12.5	-	-	34.0	-	-	-
13.0	-	-	-	45.0	-	-
13.5	-	-	-	45.0	-	-
15.0	-	-	-	50.0	-	-
16.5	-	-	-	58.0	-	-
18.0	-	-	-	60.0	-	-
18.5	-	-	-	-	90.0	-
20.0	-	-	-	73.0	-	-
21.0	-	-	-	70.0	-	-
21.5	-	-	-	-	102.0	-
24.0	-	-	-	-	118.0	-
25.0	-	-	-	-	-	155.0
30.0	-	-	-	-	135.0	170.0
35.0	-	-	-	-	-	200.0

POWER DISSIPATION AND MAXIMUM COMPONENT TEMPERATURE RISE

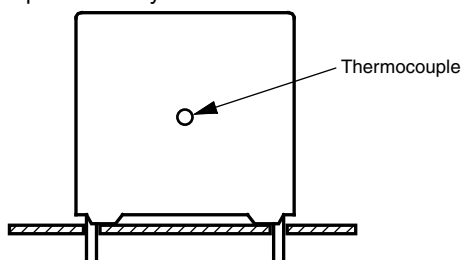
The power dissipation must be limited in order not to exceed the maximum allowed component temperature rise as a function of the free air ambient temperature.

The component temperature rise (ΔT) can be measured or calculated by $\Delta T = P/G$:

- ΔT = component temperature rise (°C) with a maximum of 15 °C
- P = power dissipation of the component (mW)
- G = heat conductivity of the component (mW/°C)

MEASURING THE COMPONENT TEMPERATURE

A thermocouple must be attached to the capacitor body as in:



The temperature is measured in unloaded (T_{amb}) and maximum loaded condition (T_C).

The temperature rise is given by $\Delta T = T_C - T_{amb}$.

To avoid thermal radiation or convection, the capacitor must be tested in a closed area from air circulation.

APPLICATION NOTE AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

These capacitors are not suitable for mains applications as across-the-line capacitors without additional protection, as described hereunder. These mains applications are strictly regulated in safety standards and therefore electromagnetic interference suppression capacitors conforming the standards must be used.

To select the capacitor for a certain application, the following conditions must be checked:

1. The peak voltage (U_P) shall not be greater than the rated DC voltage (U_{RDC})
2. The peak-to-peak voltage (U_{P-P}) shall not be greater than the maximum (U_{P-P}) to avoid the ionization inception level
3. The voltage peak slope (dU/dt) shall not exceed the rated voltage pulse slope in an RC-circuit at rated voltage and without ringing. If the pulse voltage is lower than the rated DC voltage, the rated voltage pulse slope may be multiplied by U_{RDC} and divided by the applied voltage.

For all other pulses following equation must be fulfilled:

$$2 \times \int_0^T \left(\frac{dU}{dt} \right)^2 \times dt < U_{NDC} \times \left(\frac{dU}{dt} \right)_{rated}$$

T is the pulse duration.

4. The maximum component surface temperature rise must be lower than the limits (see graph "Max. allowed component temperature rise").
5. Since in circuits used at voltages over 280 V peak-to-peak the risk for an intrinsically active flammability after a capacitor breakdown (short circuit) increases, it is recommended that the power to the component is limited to 100 times the values mentioned in the table: "Heat conductivity"
6. When using these capacitors as across-the-line capacitor in the input filter for mains applications the applicant must guarantee that the following conditions are fulfilled in any case (spikes and surge voltages from the mains included).
7. For capacitors connected in parallel, normally the proof voltage and possibly the rated voltage must be reduced. For information depending of the capacitance value and the number of parallel connections contact dc-film@vishay.com.
8. For continuous use as series connection with an impedance to the mains, please refer to application note www.vishay.com/doc?28153.

VOLTAGE CONDITIONS FOR 6 ABOVE			
ALLOWED VOLTAGES	$T_{amb} \leq 85^\circ C$	$85^\circ C < T_{amb} \leq 100^\circ C$	$100^\circ C < T_{amb} \leq 125^\circ C$
Maximum continuous RMS voltage	U_{RAC}	$0.8 \times U_{RAC}$	$0.5 \times U_{RAC}$
Maximum temperature RMS-overvoltage (< 24 h)	$1.25 \times U_{RAC}$	U_{RAC}	$0.6 \times U_{RAC}$
Maximum peak voltage (V_{O-P}) (< 2 s)	$1.6 \times U_{RDC}$	$1.3 \times U_{RDC}$	$0.5 \times U_{RDC}$

AUTOMOTIVE AEC-Q200, REVISION D QUALIFICATION			
STRESS	REFERENCE	CONDITION	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
Pre- and post-stress electrical test	Spec.	-	-
High temperature exposure (storage)	MIL-STD 202 method 108	125 °C; unpowered 250 h / 500 h / 1000 h	-5 % ≤ ΔC/C ≤ +10 % Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.005 for C ≤ 1 μF or ≤ 0.003 for C > 1 μF IR > 50 % of initial specified value
Temperature cycling	JESD22 method JA-104	1000 cycles: -55 °C / +125 °C 30 min dwell time at each temperature extreme Transition time < 1 min	-5 % ≤ ΔC/C ≤ +10 % Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.005 for C ≤ 1 μF or ≤ 0.003 for C > 1 μF IR > 50 % of initial specified value
Moisture resistance	MIL-STD 202 method 106	10 cycles at 24 h/cycle unpowered	-5 % ≤ ΔC/C ≤ +10 % Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.005 for C ≤ 1 μF or ≤ 0.003 for C > 1 μF IR > 50 % of initial specified value
Biased humidity	MIL-STD 202 method 103	40 °C; 93 % RH; U _{RDC} 250 h / 500 h / 1000 h	-5 % ≤ ΔC/C ≤ +10 % Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.005 for C ≤ 1 μF or ≤ 0.003 for C > 1 μF IR > 50 % of initial specified value
Operational life	MIL-STD 202 method 108	T _A = 125 °C; U _{RDC} 250 h / 500 h / 1000 h	-5 % ≤ ΔC/C ≤ +10 % Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.003 for C ≤ 1 μF or ≤ 0.002 for C > 1 μF IR > 50 % of initial specified value
External visual	MIL-STD 883 method 2009	Device construction, marking and workmanship	Device construction and workmanship; Legible marking
Dimensions	JESD22 method JB-100	Spec.	Datasheet
Terminal strength (lead)	MIL-STD 202 method 211	Test leaded device lead integrity only. - A (pull-test): 2.27 kg (10 s) - C (wire-lead bend test): 227 g (3 x 3 s)	No visual damage
Resistance to solvents	MIL-STD 202 method 215	- Also aqueous chemical - OKEM clean or equivalent. Do not use banned solvents	No visual damage Legible marking
Mechanical shock	MIL-STD 202 method 213	100 g's; 6 ms half-sine; 3.75 m/s	No visual damage
Vibration	MIL-STD 202 method 204	5 g's for 20 min 12 cycles x 3 directions 10 Hz to 2000 Hz	No visual damage
Resistance to soldering heat	MIL-STD 202 method 210	Temp.: 280 °C; time: 10 s solder within 1.5 mm of device body	ΔC/C ≤ 2 % Increase of tan δ: ≤ 0.005 for C ≤ 1 μF or ≤ 0.003 for C > 1 μF IR > 50 % of initial specified value
Solderability	-	-	-
Electrical characterization	J-STD-002	Leaded: method A at 235 °C, category 3 (245 °C / 3 s)	Good tinning as evidence by free flowing of the solder with wetting of terminations > 95 %
Flammability	-	-	-

**INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS****General Notes**

Sub-clause numbers of tests and performance requirements refer to the “Sectional Specification, Publication IEC 60384-2 and Specific Reference Data”.

GROUP C INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS		
SUB-CLAUSE NUMBER AND TEST	CONDITIONS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
SUB-GROUP C1A PART OF SAMPLE OF SUB-GROUP C1		
4.1 Dimensions (detail)		As specified in chapter “General Data” of this specification
4.3.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz	
4.3 Robustness of terminations	Tensile and bending	No visible damage
4.4 Resistance to soldering heat	Method: 1A Solder bath: $280^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ Duration: 10 s	
4.14 Component solvent resistance	Isopropylalcohol at room temperature Method: 2 Immersion time: 5 min $\pm$ 0.5 min Recovery time: min. 1 h, max. 2 h	
4.4.2 Final measurements	Visual examination	No visible damage Legible marking
	Capacitance	$ \Delta C/C \leq 2\%$ of the value measured initially
	Tangent of loss angle	Increase of $\tan \delta$: ≤ 0.003 for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ or ≤ 0.002 for $C > 1 \mu\text{F}$ ≤ 0.004 for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ Compared to values measured in 4.3.1
SUB-GROUP C1B PART OF SAMPLE OF SUB-GROUP C1		
4.6.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz	
4.6 Rapid change of temperature	$\theta A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $\theta B = +125^\circ\text{C}$ 5 cycles Duration $t = 30$ min Visual examination	No visible damage Legible marking
4.7 Vibration	Mounting: see section “Mounting” of this specification Procedure B4 Frequency range: 10 Hz to 55 Hz Amplitude: 0.75 mm or Acceleration 98 m/s^2 (whichever is less severe) Total duration 6 h	
4.7.2 Final inspection	Visual examination	No visible damage
4.9 Shock	Mounting: see section “Mounting” for more information Pulse shape: half sine Acceleration: 490 m/s^2 Duration of pulse: 11 ms	



GROUP C INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS		
SUB-CLAUSE NUMBER AND TEST	CONDITIONS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
SUB-GROUP C1B PART OF SAMPLE OF SUB-GROUP C1		
4.9.3 Final measurements	Visual examination Capacitance Tangent of loss angle for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz Insulation resistance	No visible damage $ \Delta C/C \leq 5 \%$ of the value measured in 4.6.1 Increase of $\tan \delta$: ≤ 0.003 for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ or ≤ 0.002 for $C > 1 \mu\text{F}$ ≤ 0.004 for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ Compared to values measured in 4.6.1 As specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification
SUB-GROUP C1 COMBINED SAMPLE OF SPECIMENS OF SUB-GROUPS C1A AND C1B		
4.10 Climatic sequence		
4.10.2 Dry heat	Temperature: +125 °C Duration: 16 h	
4.10.3 Damp heat cyclic Test Db, first cycle		
4.10.4 Cold	Temperature: -55 °C Duration: 2 h	
4.10.6 Damp heat cyclic Test Db, remaining cycles		
4.10.6.2 Final measurements	Voltage proof = U_{RDC} for 1 min within 15 min after removal from testchamber Visual examination Capacitance Tangent of loss angle for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz Insulation resistance	No breakdown or flashover No visible damage Legible marking $ \Delta C/C \leq 5 \%$ of the value measured in 4.4.2 or 4.9.3 Increase of $\tan \delta$: ≤ 0.005 for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ or ≤ 0.003 for $C > 1 \mu\text{F}$ ≤ 0.004 for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ Compared to values measured in 4.3.1 or 4.6.1 $\geq 50 \%$ of values specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification
SUB-GROUP C2		
4.11 Damp heat steady state	56 days; 40 °C; 90 % to 95 % RH	
4.11.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz	
4.11.3 Final measurements	Voltage proof = U_{RDC} for 1 min within 15 min after removal from testchamber Visual examination	No breakdown or flashover No visible damage Legible marking



GROUP C INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS		
SUB-CLAUSE NUMBER AND TEST	CONDITIONS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
SUB-GROUP C2		
4.11.3 Final measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz Insulation resistance	$ \Delta C/C \leq 5 \%$ of the value measured in 4.11.1. Increase of $\tan \delta$ ≤ 0.005 for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ or ≤ 0.003 for $C > 1 \mu\text{F}$ ≤ 0.004 for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ Compared to values measured in 4.11.1 $\geq 50 \%$ of values specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification
SUB-GROUP C3		
4.12 Endurance	Duration: 2000 h 1.25 x U_{RDC} at 85 °C 1.0 x U_{RDC} at 100 °C 0.6 x U_{RDC} at 125 °C Duration: 200 h 0.3 x U_{RDC} at 150 °C (not applicable for pitch ≥ 37.5 mm)	
4.12.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz	
4.12.5 Final measurements	Visual examination Capacitance Tangent of loss angle For $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz For $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz For $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz Insulation resistance	No visible damage Legible marking $ \Delta C/C \leq 5 \%$ compared to values measured in 4.12.1 Increase of $\tan \delta$: ≤ 0.003 for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ or ≤ 0.002 for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ ≤ 0.004 for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ Compared to values measured in 4.12.1 $\geq 50 \%$ of values specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification
SUB-GROUP C4		
4.13 Charge and discharge	10 000 cycles Charged to U_{RDC} Discharge resistance: $R = \frac{U_R}{C \times K \times (dU/dt)_R}$ K = 5 for pitch ≤ 27.5 mm K = 1.5 for pitch 37.5 mm/52.5 mm	
4.13.1 Initial measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ at 10 kHz for $1 \mu\text{F} < C < 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 1 kHz for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ at 100 Hz	
4.13.3 Final measurements	Capacitance Tangent of loss angle: Insulation resistance	$ \Delta C/C \leq 3 \%$ compared to values measured in 4.13.1 Increase of $\tan \delta$: ≤ 0.003 for $C \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$ or ≤ 0.002 for $C > 1 \mu\text{F}$ ≤ 0.004 for $C \geq 100 \mu\text{F}$ Compared to values measured in 4.13.1 $\geq 50 \%$ of values specified in section "Insulation Resistance" of this specification



Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Hyperlinks included in this datasheet may direct users to third-party websites. These links are provided as a convenience and for informational purposes only. Inclusion of these hyperlinks does not constitute an endorsement or an approval by Vishay of any of the products, services or opinions of the corporation, organization or individual associated with the third-party website. Vishay disclaims any and all liability and bears no responsibility for the accuracy, legality or content of the third-party website or for that of subsequent links.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.